**Vocabulary: 2D Eclipse**



**Vocabulary**

* Corona – the outer region of the Sun's atmosphere, seen as a white halo during a *solar* *eclipse*.
* Eclipse – an event in which a planet or moon passes through the shadow of another planet or moon.
* Lunar eclipse – an eclipse in which the Moon passes through part of the Earth’s shadow.
	+ A lunar eclipse in which the Moon lies completely in the Earth’s *umbra* is called a *total lunar eclipse*. The Moon has a dark reddish color at this time.
	+ In a *partial lunar eclipse*, the Moon lies partially in the umbra and partially in the *penumbra*.
	+ A lunar eclipse in which the Moon lies completely in Earth’s penumbra is called a *penumbral eclipse*. In this case, the Moon becomes only slightly darker than usual. The difference in color is so small that it can be difficult to notice.
* Penumbra – the partial shadow beyond the region of the umbra.
	+ A person in the penumbra would see some of the light source (such as the Sun), but not all of it.
* Solar eclipse – an eclipse in which the Moon’s shadow passes over part of the Earth.
	+ A solar eclipse in which the Moon completely blocks the Sun’s light is called a *total solar eclipse*. This can usually be seen only from a very small area of Earth at any one time.
	+ A solar eclipse in which a viewer on Earth sees only some of the Sun being blocked by the Moon is a *partial solar eclipse*.
* Umbra – the darkest part of a shadow; in the area totally blocked from the light source.
	+ A person in the umbra would not see the light source (such as the Sun) at all.