

Vocabulary: 2D Eclipse

Vocabulary

- <u>Corona</u> the outer region of the Sun's atmosphere, seen as a white halo during a *solar* eclipse.
- <u>Eclipse</u> an event in which a planet or moon passes through the shadow of another planet or moon.
- <u>Lunar eclipse</u> an eclipse in which the Moon passes through part of the Earth's shadow.
 - A lunar eclipse in which the Moon lies completely in the Earth's *umbra* is called a total lunar eclipse. The Moon has a dark reddish color at this time.
 - In a partial lunar eclipse, the Moon lies partially in the umbra and partially in the penumbra.
 - A lunar eclipse in which the Moon lies completely in Earth's penumbra is called a penumbral eclipse. In this case, the Moon becomes only slightly darker than usual. The difference in color is so small that it can be difficult to notice.
- <u>Penumbra</u> the partial shadow beyond the region of the umbra.
 - A person in the penumbra would see some of the light source (such as the Sun), but not all of it.
- Solar eclipse an eclipse in which the Moon's shadow passes over part of the Earth.
 - A solar eclipse in which the Moon completely blocks the Sun's light is called a total solar eclipse. This can usually be seen only from a very small area of Earth at any one time.
 - A solar eclipse in which a viewer on Earth sees only some of the Sun being blocked by the Moon is a partial solar eclipse.
- Umbra the darkest part of a shadow; in the area totally blocked from the light source.
 - A person in the umbra would not see the light source (such as the Sun) at all.

