

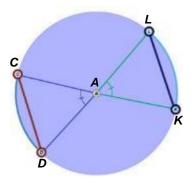
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Student Exploration: Chords and Arcs

Vocabulary: arc, central angle, chord

Prior Knowledge Questions (Do these BEFORE using the Gizmo.) In **circle** A to the right, $\angle CAD$ and $\angle LAK$ are **central angles** because their vertices are at the center of the circle. These angles define two curved parts of the circle, called **arcs** (\widehat{CD} and \widehat{LK}). They also define two **chords** (\overline{CD} and \overline{LK}) which are line segments with endpoints on the circle.



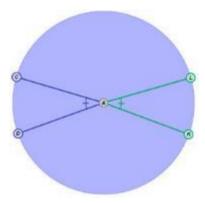
- 1. Based on congruency marks, which angles do you know are congruent?
- 2. What segments are radii of this circle?
- 3. What is true about the lengths of the radii of a circle?

Gizmo Warm-up

In the *Chords and Arcs* Gizmo, you will explore the relationships among the measures of chords, arcs, and central angles. To begin, be sure **One circle** is selected under **Figure type**. Under **Conditions**, select **Congruent central angles**.

1. Select **Show angle measure tool** to open a Gizmo protractor. Attach the "donuts" to points on $\angle CAD$.

What is the measure of $\angle CAD?$



2. Select **Show ruler** to open a Gizmo ruler. Attach the "donuts" to the endpoints of \overline{CA} . How

long is \overline{CA} ? _____

- 3. Select **Show arc measure tool** and attach the "donuts" to the endpoints of \widehat{CD} .
 - A. What is the measure of \widehat{CD} ? _____ Notice that the arc measure is in degrees.
 - B. How do the measures of \widehat{CD} and $\angle CAD$ compare?



Activity A:	Get the Gizmo ready:	C
Central angles, chords, and arcs	 Be sure One circle is selected under Figure type and Congruent central angles is selected under Conditions. 	

- 1. Look at the congruent central angles, $\angle CAD$ and $\angle LAK$.
 - A. What appears to be true about the arcs these angles intercept, \widehat{CD} and \widehat{LK} ?
 - B. What appears to be true about the chords these angles intercept, \overline{CD} and \overline{LK} ?

Check with the Gizmo arc measure and length rulers. With the rulers in place, drag points *C*, *D*, *K*, and *L* around to see if these relationships are true for all congruent central angles and their intercepted arcs and chords.

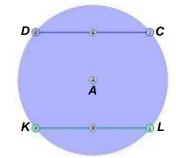
- 2. Under **Conditions**, select **Congruent arcs**. On the figure to the right, sketch the central angles that intercept these arcs. How do you think these central angles are related?
 - Use the Gizmo protractors to check. With the Gizmo protractors in place, drag the points on the circle to see if this is true for all congruent arcs and their corresponding central angles.
- 3. Complete the if-and-only-if statement to describe how central angles and the arcs they intercept are related.

Central angles of a circle are congruent if and only if _

4. Select **Congruent chords**. On the figure to the right, sketch the central angles that intercept these chords. How do you think these central angles are related?

Use the Gizmo protractors to check. With the Gizmo protractors in place, drag the points on the circle to see if this is true for all congruent chords and their corresponding central angles.

(Activity A continued on next page)





Ac	ivity A (continued from previous page)
5.	On the figure to the right, chords \overline{CD} and \overline{LK} are congruent.
	A. How do you know that \overline{AD} , \overline{AC} , \overline{AK} , and \overline{AL} are
	congruent?
	B. How do you know that $\triangle CAD$ and $\triangle LAK$ are congruent?
	C. How does this prove that the central angles are congruent?
6.	Select Congruent central angles . On the figure below, sketch \overline{CD} and \overline{LK} .
	A. How do you know that $\triangle CAD$ and $\triangle LAK$ are congruent?
	B. How does this prove that chords \overline{CD} and \overline{LK} are
	congruent?
	C. Write an if-and-only-if statement to about central angles and their intercepted chords.
7.	Suppose a circle has two congruent arcs. Answer the questions about the central angles and chords that intercept the arcs. Then verify your answers in the Gizmo.
	A. What is true about the central angles that intercept these arcs?
	Explain.
	B. What is true about the chords that intercept these arcs?
	Explain.
8.	Under Figure type, select Two congruent circles. Do you think everything you have
	discovered about central angles, arcs, and chords is true for congruent circles?
	Explain.
	Use the same conditions you used for one circle and the Gizmo measuring tools to check.

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Activity B:	Get the Gizmo ready:	
Equidistant chords	 Select One circle under Figure type. Select Chords equidistant from center under Conditions. 	

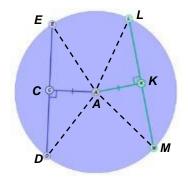
1. In the figure to the right, chords \overline{ED} and \overline{LM} are equidistant from the center of circle *A*. So, \overline{AC} and \overline{AK} are congruent. What do you think is true about \overline{ED} and \overline{LM} ?

Use the Gizmo rulers to check your answer. With the rulers in place, drag points C and K around to see if this relationship is always true for chords that are equidistant from the center of the circle.

2. Under **Figure type**, select **Two congruent circles**. Check that everything you discovered about chords equidistant from the center is true for congruent circles. Then complete the if-and-only-if statement to describe the relationship between equidistant chords.

Two chords of a circle or congruent circles are congruent if and only if _____

3. <u>Challenge</u>: Given $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{AK}$, $\overline{AC} \perp \overline{ED}$, and $\overline{AK} \perp \overline{LM}$, prove $\overline{ED} \cong \overline{LM}$. (Hint: Start by proving that ΔACE , ΔACD , ΔAKL , and ΔAKM are all congruent.)



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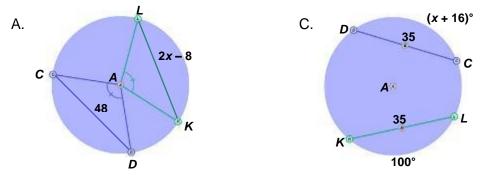
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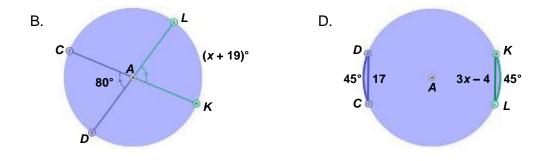
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Activity C:	Get the Gizmo ready:	9	×.
Using central angles, chords, and arcs	 Be sure One circle is selected under Figure type. 		C

1. Find the value of *x* for each of the following circles. Show your work.





2. In the circle to the right, LM = 5x - 5 and ED = 3x + 9. Find the value of *x*. Show your work in the space below.

