Vocabulary: Comparing Earth and Venus

Vocabulary

aizmos

- <u>Angular velocity</u> the rate at which a body rotates or *revolves* through a given angle.
 - The symbol for angular velocity is the Greek letter omega (ω).
 - Angular velocity is measured in radians per second or degrees per second.
 - Angular velocity is equal to the angle (θ) divided by time (t): $\omega = \theta / t$.
- <u>Orbit</u> the path of one body around another body in space, such as the path of Earth around the Sun.
- <u>Period</u> the amount of time it takes for an object to complete one full orbit.
- <u>Revolve</u> to move around another object.
 - The path most celestial bodies follow as they revolve around another celestial body is called an orbit. Most orbits are elliptical in shape.
- <u>Rotation</u> the spinning of an object around an axis.
- <u>Sidereal day</u> the period of time it takes for a planet (or other celestial body) to complete one full rotation.
- <u>Solar day</u> the time required for a planet (or other celestial body) to return to the same orientation relative to the Sun.
 - The solar day can be measured from one midnight to the next, or from one noon to the next.
 - On Earth, a solar day is about 4 minutes longer than a sidereal day. On Venus, a solar day is much shorter than a sidereal day.
- <u>Year</u> the period of time for a planet to complete one full revolution around the Sun.
 - On Earth, 1 year is equal to approximately 365.24 days.

