**Vocabulary: Wheel and Axle**



**Vocabulary**

* Effort – the force that is applied to a simple machine such as a wheel and axle.
* Force – something that can cause a change in motion; a push or a pull.
* Load – the weight that will be moved, lifted, or supported by a simple machine.
* Mechanical advantage – the amount by which a simple machine reduces the effort needed to accomplish a task.
	+ For example, a simple machine with a mechanical advantage of 2 will require 50 newtons of effort to lift a 100-newton load.
* Radius – the distance from the edge of a circular object to the center.
* Wheel and axle – a simple machine composed of a large wheel attached to a narrower shaft called an axle.
	+ Turning the wheel turns the axle, and turning the axle turns the wheel.
	+ In many machines (windmills, water wheels, steering wheels, winches) a force turns a wheel. The rotating wheel turns an axle.
	+ In a car, a motor turns an axle. The rotating axle causes the wheels to turn and move the car forward.